claimed viscosity limitation to essentially prevent the pesticide from reaching the

skin; in other words, the mixture of applicants' Claims 1 and 12 resides substantially

on the hair of the animal and hence cannot become transdermal and thus act

systemically, thereby overcoming the drawbacks of the prior art.

The Examiner has stated on page 4 of the Office Action that "the means to

prevent such effects are only identified as an adaptation, unspecified". Applicants

respectfully submit that there is no requirement for specifying the means of providing

the stated limitation. To the contrary, MPEP Section 2173.05 (g) states in the first

sentence that a "functional limitation is an attempt to define something by what it

does, rather than what it is". The next sentence goes on to state that there "is

nothing inherently wrong with defining some part of an invention in functional terms".

The second paragraph of MPEP 2173.05 (g) states that a "functional limitation must

be evaluated and considered, just like any other limitation of the claim, for what if

fairly conveys to a person of ordinary skill in the pertinent art". The Examiner's

objection to applicants' "adapted to act non-systemically" language is not

understood. Not only is "adapted to" language specifically sanctioned by MPEP

2173.05 (g), the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, in a1990 case, has

specifically stated that it is improper to disregard limitations that include "adapted to"

language (see the Pac-Tec, Inc. v. Amarace case (903 F 2d 796)). None the less, if

the Examiner prefers, the language of Claim 1 can be amended to return to the

previous language that the pesticide "acts" non-systemically.

With regard to the Examiner's further statement on page 4 of the Office Action

that the requirement for non-systemic action does not preclude systemic action, this

comment is not understood. Applicants are concerned only about the non-systemic

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limitation requirement, as discussed above with respect to criticality of this limitation.

It is only the claimed limitation that the pesticide be "adapted to act non-systemically"

that is critical to patentability. Such a limitation will overcome the drawbacks of the

prior art, and provides the advantages described in detail on page 6 of the

specification of the present application, lines 6-22. Here it is also emphasized in

lines 17 and 18 that the active ingredient resides on top of the hair, "i.e. does not

operate systemically".

In this connection, applicants respectfully direct the Examiner's attention to

the following as support that, for example permethrin, acts non-systemically or

topically to repel pests:

(1) Military orders from the Surgeon General at Schafter Medical in Hawaii,

in particular section C. (5) (attachment 1);

(2) A K9 Advantix ad (attachment 2).

With regard with the objection to Claims 20 and 21 as containing new matter,

this objection is not understood. In particular, with regard to the statement that there

is "no support for a viscosity limitation", applicants respectfully submit that the upper

limitation has already been defined in Claims 1 and 12, on which Claims 20 and 21

indirectly depend. Furthermore, the format followed in Claims 20 and 21 is

consistent with the format of original Claims 9 and 16.

Claim Rejections – 35 USC § 102

Applicants' Claim 1 defines a mixture for application on an animal to provide

barrier protection against pests, and provides a pesticide that is adapted to act non-

systemically relatively to a host animal. Similarly, Claim 12 provides a method of

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protecting an animal against pests, and provides a non-systemically operating agent that is applied to an animal. Applicants respectfully submit that none of these cited references are an appropriate reference under MPEP 2131, since they do not teach each and every element as set forth in the claim, and certainly not "in as complete detail as is contained in the claim". In particular, the rust inhibitor of Waldstein is to be applied to a ferrous rustable surface and not to an animal. With regard to Mallis, not only is the V-oil carrier cited by the Examiner for cockroaches, which are not found on animals, but the viscosity indicated for the only livestock application given by Mallis (see column 3, line 32) actually teaches away from applicants' viscosity in that it is far lower than applicants' required viscosity range. With regard to the electrostatically sprayable insecticidal formulation of Coffee, those of skill in the art recognize that an electrostatic application is not suitable for application to animals. This is recognized by Coffee as well, which in Claim 1 states that the electrostatically sprayable formulation is suitable "to spray plants". Thus, Coffee in no way teaches or suggests a mixture or application on an animal, as required by applicants' Claims. With regard to Lewer, since the cited spinosyns are not soluble in oil, Lewer uses silicones. However, silicones are not oil-based carriers, in contrast to the requirements of applicants' Claims 1 and 2. In addition, the viscosity disclosed by Lewer is below applicants' claimed range. In view of these distinctions for the cited references, the Examiner is requested to specifically address how these references can in any way teach or suggest applicants' claimed limitations.

Since the present Office Action is a Final Rejection, the undersigned respectfully requests a telephone interview in order to discuss any outstanding

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issues and possible amendments to the claim language in order to place this application into condition for allowance.

Respectfully submitted,

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Attachments (1 and 2)